

## ВАРИАНТ 11

### Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенные буквами А, В, С, D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее место действия.

1. In the airport
2. At the vet
3. At a swimming pool
4. In a pet shop
5. At a dog show

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	А	В	С	D
Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение.

1. The speaker explains why he/she moved house.
2. The speaker describes his/her dream house.
3. The speaker talks about his/her family legend.
4. The speaker explains why his/her home is furnished like this.
5. The speaker talks about his/her favourite genre of literature.
6. The speaker describes his/her favourite piece of furniture.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	А	В	С	D	E
Утверждение					

*Вы услышите разговор двух знакомых. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

3

Where are Ken and Mia going?

- 1) To the electronics market.
- 2) To the cinema.
- 3) To Ken's grandmother's.

Ответ:

4

Who likes buying things in internet shops?

- 1) Mia.
- 2) Ken.
- 3) Ken's grandmother.

Ответ:

5

What does Ken need to buy?

- 1) Shoes.
- 2) A shirt.
- 3) A kettle.

Ответ:

6

What is Mia's favourite film genre?

- 1) Comedy.
- 2) Fantasy.
- 3) Melodrama.

Ответ:

7

What career does Mia dream of?

- 1) An actress.
- 2) A producer.
- 3) A camerawoman.

Ответ:

8

What is the weather like at the moment?

- 1) It's raining.
- 2) It's snowing.
- 3) It's sunny.

Ответ:

*По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.*

**Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)****9**

*Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами и их заголовками: к каждому тексту, обозначенному буквами А–Г, выберите соответствующий заголовок, обозначенный цифрами 1–8. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.*

- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. His family were not happy                     | 5. Encouraging researchers           |
| 2. The institutions responsible for the awarding | 6. A grand dinner                    |
| 3. The person who set up the awarding tradition  | 7. Following the Nobel initiative    |
| 4. The future of the Nobel Prize                 | 8. The place to look for information |
- A. The prizes are awarded at a formal ceremony held annually on 10<sup>th</sup> December, the date that Alfred Nobel passed away. Each prize constitutes a gold medal, a diploma, and a sum of money. The monetary award is quite large, slightly more than one million euros. This was originally intended to allow laureates to continue their work without the pressures of raising money.
- B. According to Nobel's will, the Swedish Academy of Science was to award a yearly prize in physics and chemistry. The Caroline Institute at Stockholm would award the prize for medicine or physiology. The Academy of Stockholm would determine the award for literature. Five members appointed by the Norwegian government select the receiver of the annual Peace Prize. The Peace Prize is awarded in Oslo, Norway, while the others are awarded in Stockholm, Sweden.
- C. Alfred Nobel was born in 1833. He was an outstanding Swedish chemist and engineer. Alfred Nobel's contribution in science was impressive but he became famous as the inventor of dynamite. Some of his biographers say that he regretted that invention when he realized devastating way people could use it. In November 1895, Alfred Nobel signed his last will, in which he left \$9 million to establish the Nobel Prize. He died in 1896.
- D. When his will was opened after his death, Alfred Nobel's relatives were astonished. They learned that Alfred had left much of his great fortune for the establishment of a prize. They took the will to court but lost, and the first awards were distributed in 1901, on the fifth anniversary of Nobel's death.
- E. The Nobel Prize in Economics is a prize awarded each year for outstanding intellectual contributions to economics. The award was instituted by the Bank of Sweden, the world's oldest central bank, on its 300th anniversary in 1968. Although it was not one of the awards established in the will of Alfred Nobel, economics laureates receive their diploma and gold medal at the same ceremony, on 10<sup>th</sup> December in Stockholm, with the other Nobel laureates. The amount of money awarded to the economics laureates is also equal to that of the other prizes.
- F. The Nobel Banquet is a magnificent party which is held in Stockholm City Hall. The preparations are great. Hundreds of cooks, waiters and attendants ensure that everything runs smoothly. Today, about 1,300 guests are invited, among them members of the academic, governmental, cultural and industrial spheres, and the Royal Family of Sweden. Every Nobel Banquet has a particular theme. This is reflected in the decorations and the entertainment for the evening. The menu is kept secret until the actual day of the banquet.

- G. The Nobel Museum was founded in the year 2001 which was the same year that the Nobel Prize celebrated its 100th year! There you can learn everything about the Nobel Prize and the people who have won the prizes over the years. Of course, a big part of the exhibition is about Alfred Nobel, the founder of the Nobel Prize. The museum's restaurant offers a nice place to relax, enjoy a cup of coffee and try Nobel Ice Cream, a dessert previously served at the Nobel Prize Banquets.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголовок							

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений 10–17 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

### Downing Street

Half-way along Whitehall there is a very short street called Downing Street. 10 Downing Street is widely known in the United Kingdom simply as “Number 10” and it is one of the most famous addresses in the world. It is the place where the British Prime Minister lives and works.

The building known as Number 10 originally comprises three houses: the “house at the back”, “Number 10” itself, and the house next to it. The house at the back is a majestic mansion which was built around 1530. 10 Downing Street was a smaller house than the house at the back, and was built later, in 1685. They all belonged to the King, and members of the royal family used to stay there.

10 Downing Street has been used by Britain's Prime Ministers since 1732. At first, Number 10 was often “lent out” to friends or family members. It only became established as the Prime Ministers' home after 1902, though not all of them lived there.

Over three hundred years old, the building on Downing Street contains about one hundred rooms. There is a private residence on the third floor and a kitchen in the basement. The other floors contain offices and numerous conference, reception, sitting and dining rooms where the Prime Minister works, and where government ministers, national leaders and foreign public figures are received and entertained. There is an interior courtyard and, at the back, a nice terrace overlooking a garden.

The black facade of the house was the result of years of London pollution. The brickwork is in fact a yellow colour and is now painted black to keep its familiar appearance.

Until the 1900s Prime Ministers who lived at Number 10 were expected to bring all their own furniture and bedclothes with them when they moved in. Nowadays, the state buys all the necessary furniture and other things, even in the private residence. Prime Ministers bring only their personal belongings.

10 Downing Street is one of the most heavily guarded buildings in Britain. The black front door at Number 10 has no keyhole — it can only be opened from the inside. There is always a security guard stationed behind the door to open it for the prime minister, no matter how

early or late he/she comes home. No one can enter the building without passing through a scanner and a set of security gates manned by armed guards. The iron gates were installed at both ends of the street in 1989. There are armed police on guard. However, in the first five years after Tony Blair became Prime Minister (1997–2007), 37 computers, four mobile phones, two cameras, a mini-disc player, a video recorder, four printers, two projectors and a bicycle were stolen from the building.

Tourists visiting Downing Street are able to see the street only through the gates at the entrance. Due to safety reasons, any strangers are strictly prohibited inside 10 Downing Street. There is, however, a tour of 10 Downing Street on the website available to anyone who wants to see it from inside.

**10** Downing Street is the oldest street in London.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**11** All the houses of 10 Downing Street were built at the same time.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**12** Most Prime Ministers disliked living in 10 Downing Street.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**13** Originally 10 Downing Street had a different colour.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**14** Nowadays Prime Ministers and their families have to furnish 10 Downing Street all by themselves.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**15** Nobody can unlock the door of 10 Downing Street from outside.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

**16** Due to strict safety measures, nobody has ever managed to steal anything from 10 Downing Street.

- 1) True                                      2) False                                      3) Not stated

Ответ: ☐

17

Lots of people take a virtual excursion around 10 Downing Street every year.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

☐

*По окончании выполнения заданий 9–17 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответа в задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.*

### Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 18–26, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 18–26.*

18

We launch space craft and know a lot about our universe, the nearest planets and stars. However, we know surprisingly little about the place we live in, and one of the \_\_\_\_\_ mysteries of the planet is the ocean.

GREAT

19

It \_\_\_\_\_ a vast area and there are still so many mysteries hidden in its depths!

OCCUPY

20

Everyone knows that life first appeared in the water. Later some of the creatures \_\_\_\_\_ out of the ocean on to the land, and the others stayed there.

COME

21

The ocean \_\_\_\_\_ a lot since those prehistoric times but it is still a place where life is rich and diverse.

CHANGE

22

Nowadays the ocean \_\_\_\_\_ by millions of amazing creatures too.

INHABIT

23

They are tiny and huge, and some of \_\_\_\_\_ look as fantastic as aliens from other planets.

THEY

- 24 Marine researchers wish they \_\_\_\_\_ get to the bottom of the ocean to explore it, but unfortunately it is not possible now. CAN
- 25 There \_\_\_\_\_ no technology yet that can allow people to go so deep under the water. BE
- 26 The ocean is still keeping \_\_\_\_\_ secrets. IT

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 27–32, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 27–32.*

- 27 Playing games is very important for children. Scientists say children \_\_\_\_\_ learn different skills when they play. QUICK
- 28 When children play sports, they learn to work in teams and to reach goals — skills which will be vital for their \_\_\_\_\_ life in the future. PROFESSION
- 29 When role playing, children try different social roles: a child can act as a parent, a friend, a \_\_\_\_\_, a doctor, whatever. TEACH
- 30 While playing, children try different behavioural models which will help them interact with real people and solve all kinds of problems and conflicts. Playing develops \_\_\_\_\_. IMAGINE
- 31 Children who play a lot are more \_\_\_\_\_ than those who don't. CREATE
- 32 That is why adults should encourage children when they play but, \_\_\_\_\_, they don't always take it seriously. FORTUNATELY

*По окончании выполнения заданий 18–32 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.*

**Раздел 4 (задание по письму)**

Для ответа на задание 33 используйте бланк ответов № 2. При выполнении задания 33 особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на бланке ответов № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письма недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

**33**

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Christopher.

*... Last winter I had my first snowboarding experience. It was not easy but I'm not going to give up. I think snowboarding will be my favourite sport next winter. ...*  
*... What do you usually do at weekends in winter? Which is the best sport for a teenager to take up? What hobby do you think you might like to try in the future, and why do think so? ...*

Write him a letter and answer his 3 questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.